Qualification of Micronized Kyanite and Silica Fume

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Participants

- West Virginia University (WVU): Corrosion and Evaluation of Metallic Materials, Dross Buildups/Corrosion in GI/GL
- University of Missouri-Rolla (UMR): Selection and formulation of Refractory Materials for Molten metal application, Corrosion testing and Post-mortem analysis
- Oak Ridge National Laboratories (ORNL): Design, FEA Modeling, Measurement of Thermo-Physical properties
- Industry Participants: Refractory manufacturers, Specialty metal smelters, Aluminum smelters, Steel manufacturers

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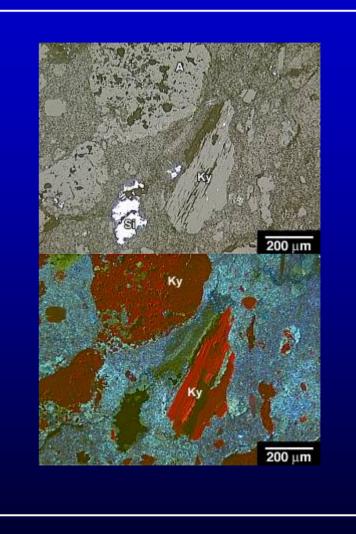
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Abstract

Micronized kyanite is a new raw material available from Virginia Kyanite. It has a mean particle size less than 5 microns and thus can be used to efficiently increase the ultrafines concentration of self-flow and vibratable castables. Especially those castables used in secondary aluminum manufacturing. The University of Missouri-Rolla has shown that kyanite is more resistant to aluminum attack than silica, mullite and bauxite through post mortems. They have also shown that use of silica fume as an ultra-fine additive and flow aid leads to accelerated reactions with molten aluminum. Characterization of micronized kyanite with a comparison to fume silica is given. It is proposed that micronized kyanite may be used as a partial or total replacement for ultra-fine silica and alumina additions.

Introduction

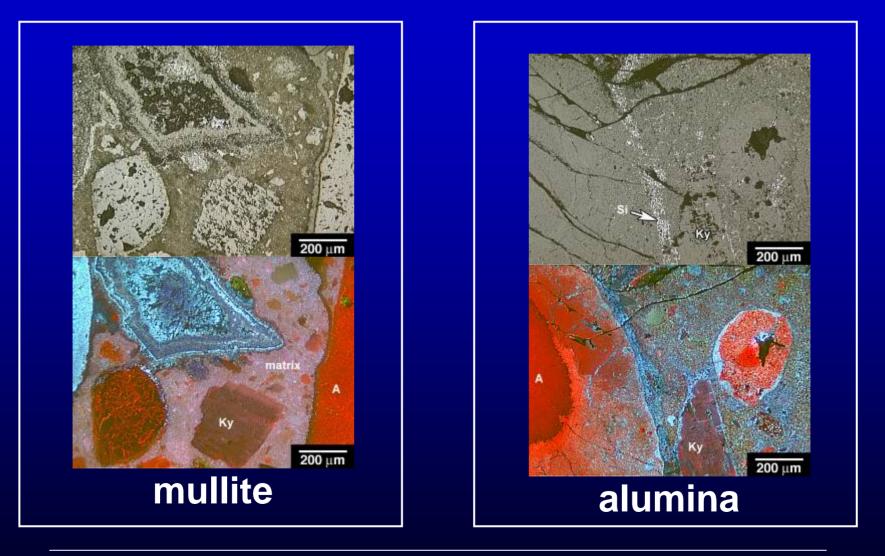
- Musa Karakus, UMR, found that kyanite crystals were least attacked by molten aluminum of any refractory grain.
- Ref. M. Karakus, W. L. Headrick, and E. Feiner, "Aluminum Melting Furnace Post-Mortem", pp. 135-156, in Monolithics: Advances, Installation and "Boom", 41st Symposium on Refractories, The American Ceramic Society, March 30-31st, 2005, St. Louis.



Aluminum Attack Findings

- Purity and type (sintered or single crystal) of refractory fillers play an important role for the reduction of refractory aggregates by molten aluminum.
- Silica fume is the initial path of aluminum attack.
- All bauxite derived alumina aggregates were destroyed by molten aluminum due to Fe-Ti and K-Na-rich glassy grain boundary matrix.
- Selective reduction of mullite aggregates was observed.
- Single kyanite grains are observed to be unaffected by molten metal penetration into castable.

Destruction of mullite and alumina



Development of castables using micronized kyanite

- 1. Prepare castables by partial replacement of fumed silica with micronized kyanite such that flow is maintained.
- 2. Replace bauxite, tabular, flint clay, or mullite fines with kyanite.

Samples

- Micronized Kyanite, Kyanite Mining
- ES 900 W Lot# 217, Elkem
- 965 Fume Silica Controlled Density, Elkem
- T-500 Silica Fume Lot# FZ6A23-1,
- 8010 Globe Silica Fume Regular, Globe Metallurgical
- D1000 Amorphous Silica Fume, Technical Silica Company

рH

Kyanite	6.5
ES 900 W	6.5
965	7.5
T-500	5
8010	11.5
D 1000	5

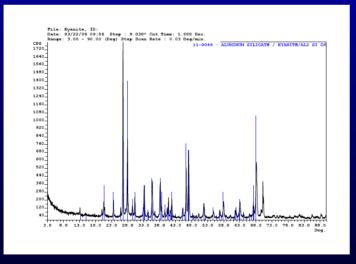
Powders rapidly settled out of water after agitation with the exception of 8010.

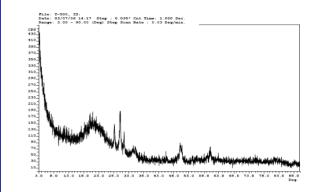
8010 remains suspended in water for days.

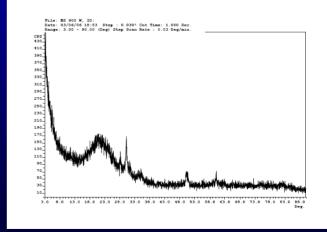
Mix 2 grams powder with 20 ml water. Wait 3 minutes then measure pH.

XRD of Micronized Kyanite and Fume Silica

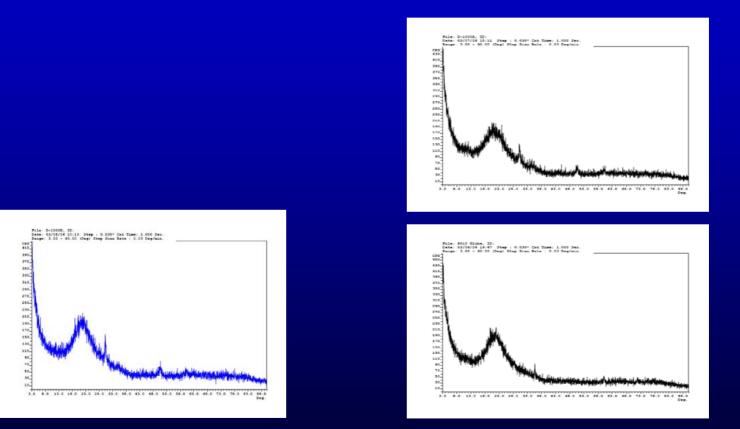
 Micronized Kyanite contains almost no amorphous phase.





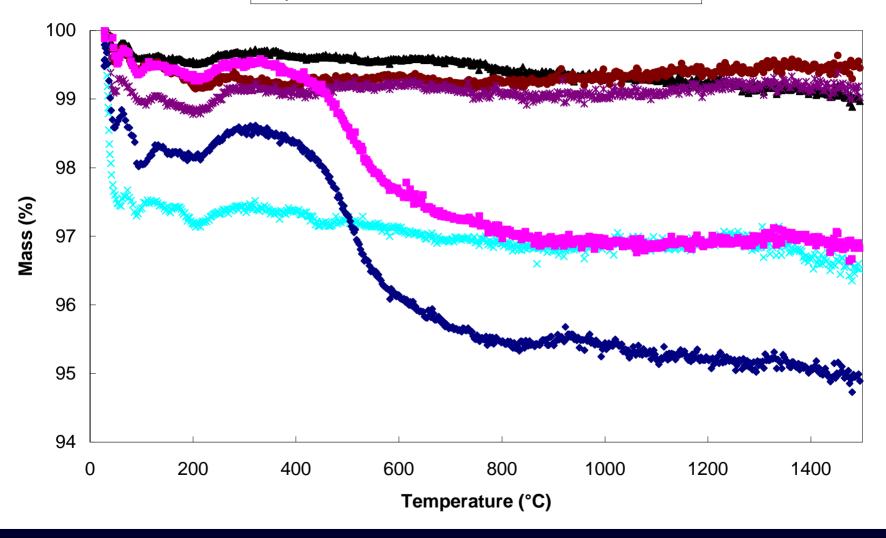


XRD-Silica Fume



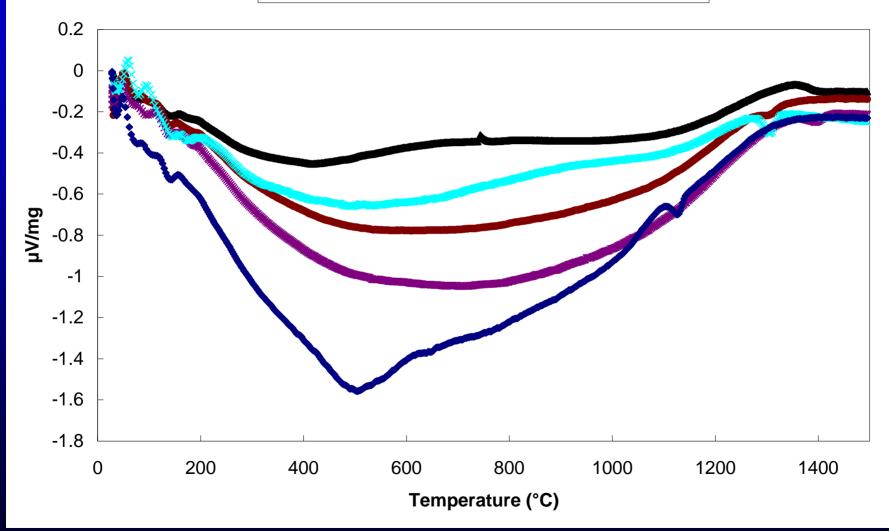
Thermogravimetric Analysis

▲ Kyanite ● ES900W × T500 × D1000 ◆ 965 ■ 8010

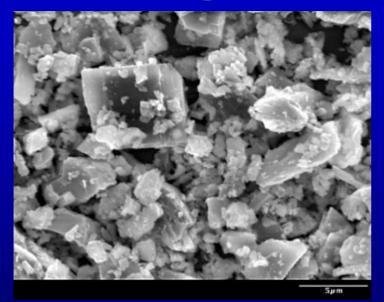


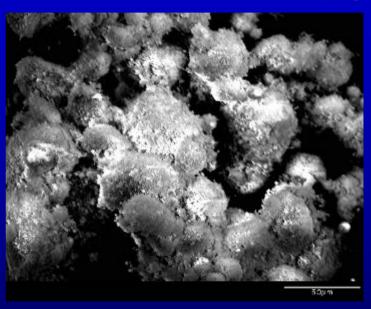
Differential Thermal Analysis





Scanning Electron Microscopy





Kyanite

Fume Silica (10X)

Particle Size Distribution

- Micronized Kyanite
 - Mean Agglomerate Size 5 micron
 - Mean Particle Size 5 micron
- Fumed Silica
 - Mean Agglomerate Size 50 micron
 - Mean Particle Size 0.1 micron

Trial Mixes

	Base Mix with Silica Fume	Mix with 4.5 Micron Kyanite	Mix With 4.5 micron & coarser kyanite
M60 3X4	18	18	18
M60 4X8	18	18	18
M60 8X20	13	13	13
M60 20M	18	18	0
K35m	0	0	18
K325M	0	0	13.7
Mullite 325M	8.2	8.2	0
Kyanite 48m	5.5	5.5	0
S.F 971	5.5	2	2
C90 LSB	8	5.5	5.5
Micro Kyanite	0	6	6
Secar 71	6	6	6
SMP	0.1	0	0.2
Additive A	0.1	0	0.2
Darvan 811D	0	0.4	0

Chemistry

Base Mix withMix with 4.5Mix With 4.5 micronSilica FumeMicron Kyanite& coarser kyanite

AI2O3	60.2	59.4	60
SiO2	34.8	35.8	35.3
Fe2O3	0.9	0.86	0.87
TiO2	2.39	2.34	2.07
CaO	1.52	1.32	1.47
MgO	0.03	0.03	0.03
Na2O	0.01	0.01	0.01
K2O	0.05	0.07	0.03
P2O5	0.13	0.2	0.26

Properties

1090°C Properties

Base Mix with Silica Fume Mix with 4.5 Micron Kyanite Mix With 4.5 micron & coarser kyanite

Bulk Dens	sity g/cc	2.45	2.5	2.58
Apparent	Porosity %	14.5	15.4	16.2
CCS	MPa	76	86	55
MOR	Мра	3.1	3.4	1.4
PLC %		-0.17	0	0

Cup Test Results

- Test parameters:
- Duration: 240 hours (10 days) at 1000°C
- Pre-oxidized to 1200°C for 5 hours
- Steam atmosphere maintained during test.
- Tested for penetration resistance to molten AI alloy 5083

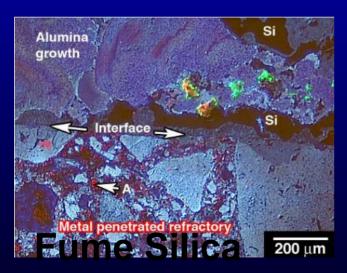


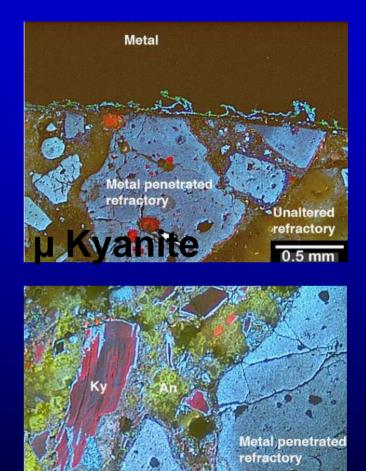


Cup Test Results

Order of attack

- 1. Mullite
- 2. Matrix
- 3. Kyanite (grain boundary attack)
- 4. Micronized kyanite





200 μm

Kyanite

Conclusion

- Micronized Kyanite can be used as a partial replacement for fume silica.
- Flow is lower with micronized kyanite.
- Corrosion resistance against aluminum metal is greatly increased by using kyanite versus Mulcoa 60 fines.

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